

Access for People with Disabilities

Design Compliance Report

REF Submission Design Review

Dalmeny Public School Upgrade

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Executive Summary & Recommendations

This report has assessed the **REF Submission Design** for the proposed **Dalmeny Public School Upgrade** under the relevant requirements relating to "Access for People with Disabilities".

The primary purpose of the report is to assess the design documentation for specified scope works and to provide suitable recommendations to ensure the design will meet the appropriate accessibility requirements.

Subject to the mitigation measures of this report, the development demonstrates an ability to comply accessibility requirements for the new scope of works.

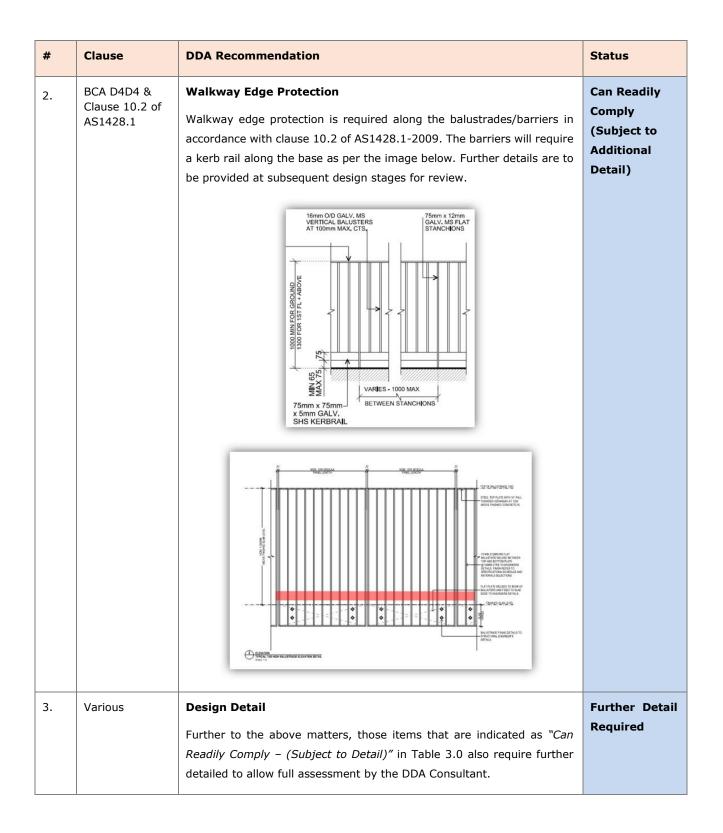
Mitigation measures are summarised below in **Table 1.0** and **Table 6.0** contains further detailed mitigation measures.

Table 1.0 – Significant DDA Recommendations	5
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# Claus	se	DDA Recommendation	Status
±•	D4D4(a)(ii) nuse 11 of 28.1	External Steps - Handrail Arrangement There are three stairways that are not provided with handrails down each side of the stairway as required by AS1428.1-2009, circled below. A BCA Performance Solution will be required to permit one central handrail two stairways, and allow a single handrail to a third stairway. $\int f = \int dt $	BCA Performance Solution

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1.0 Introduction

This Access for People with Disabilities Design Report has been prepared to accompany a Review of Environmental Factors (REF) prepared for the Department of Education (DoE) relating to upgrades to Greenway Park Public School (the development) under Part 5 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act) and State Environmental Planning* Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 (SEPP TI).

This document has been prepared in accordance with the *Guidelines for Division 5.1 assessments* – *Consideration of environmental factors for health services facilities and schools, October 2024* (the Guidelines) by the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure.

This report examines and takes into account the relevant environmental factors in the *Guidelines and Section 170, Section 171 and Section 171A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulations 2021* under Section 170, Section 171 and Section 171A of the EP&A Regulation.

This report has assessed the **REF Submission Design** for the proposed **Dalmeny Public School Upgrade** under the relevant requirements relating to "Access for People with Disabilities".

The intention of the report is to ensure fulfilment of the objective of the Disability Discrimination to eliminate, as far as possible, discrimination against persons on the ground of disability and ensure, as far as practicable, that persons with a disability have the same rights of access to premises and facilities as the rest of the community.

2.0 Assessed Information

This report is based on assessment of the following information:

- Desktop assessment of the REF Submission design documentation and supporting design plans and information prepared by Fulton Trotter Architects - refer Attachment C – Assessed Plans
- Disability Discrimination Act ("DDA") related Regulations, Codes and Standards as detailed in Section 2.0 below.

3.0 Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report is to:

• Assess the specified design documentation against the accessibility related requirements of the Building Code of Australia, principles of the Disability Discrimination Act, 1992 and technical accessibility standards as specified in Section 3.0 of this report,

- Clearly identify any areas of the design documentation where accessibility compliance is not achieved and provide recommendations to provide for, as far as is reasonable, safe, equitable and dignified access and use to the development / building,
- Identify accessibility "best practice" opportunities and ensure fulfilment of the DDA's objective to eliminate, as far as possible, discrimination against persons on the ground of disability and ensure, as far as practicable, that persons with a disability have the same rights of access to premises and facilities as the rest of the community.

4.0 Applicable Legislation, Codes & Standards

The key legislative requirements, codes and standards that have been considered under this assessment are as follows:

4.1. Federal Disability Discrimination Act 1992 ("DDA")

The Federal Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (DDA) provides protection for everyone in Australia against discrimination based on disability.

Disability discrimination happens when people with a disability are treated less fairly than people without a disability. Disability discrimination also occurs when people are treated less fairly because they are relatives, friends, carers, co-workers or associates of a person with a disability.

People who design, build, own, manage, lease, operate, regulate and use premises have responsibilities and rights under the Disability Discrimination Act, 1992 (DDA). The DDA is a Commonwealth Act which seeks to eliminate bias against people with disabilities and protect their rights. The DDA states that failure to provide equal access is unlawful, unless to do so would impose an unjustifiable hardship.

Notably the DDA is a complaints-based legislative instrument. The Disability Discrimination Act 1992 seeks to eliminate discrimination, 'as far as possible', against people with disabilities though does not contain specific building regulations or design requirements.

The Disability Discrimination Act 1992 covers a range of disabilities, including the following: (a) partial or total loss of sight; (b) partial or total loss of hearing; (c) partial or total loss of speech; (d) disfigurements or deformities; (e) difficulties in walking (including partial or total loss of use of legs); (f) difficulties in fully using arms (including gripping); (g) learning and orientation difficulties; (h) sensitivity to chemicals causing malfunction of a person's body; (i) chronic diseases, illnesses or other medical conditions; (j) emotional or behavioural conditions.

4.2. Federal Disability (Access to Premises Buildings) Standards 2010

This federal legislative instrument often referred to as "The Premises Standard" was developed to detail accessibility requirements in new buildings as well as existing buildings that are undergoing upgrade. It does not relate to existing buildings otherwise.

The requirements contained within it "the Access Code" largely align with the accessibility requirements contained in the BCA, but also including additional requirements in existing buildings to upgrade any existing accessible path between the building entry and the area being upgraded as well as toilets and lifts to meet certain technical benchmarks.

Additionally, there are mandated timetables of compliance for owners and operators of public transport buildings to provide for compliant accessibility features in their buildings with an end date for all to be upgraded by 31st December 2022.

4.3. The Building Code of Australia

The Building Code of Australia (BCA) forms part of the National Construction Code (NCC) contains accessibility requirements for new building works on an allotment, namely:

- BCA Part D4 "Access for People with Disabilities" this part contains general accessibility requirements for all types of buildings.
- BCA Part E3 "Lift Installations" this part specifies lift types, sizes and features required in all buildings
- BCA Part F2 "Sanitary & Other Facilities" this part includes requirements for sanitary facilities, including numbers vs populations, and accessible and ambulant facilities.

4.4. Australian Standards

Australian Standards are technical design standards published by Standards Australia that include requirements for accessibility in buildings and bult environments, including:

- Relevant parts of AS1428.1-2001/2009 "Design for Access and Mobility Part 1: General Requirements for Access New Building Works"
- Relevant parts of AS1428.2-1992 "Design for Access and Mobility Enhanced and Additional Requirements Buildings and Facilities"
- Relevant parts of AS1428.4.1-2009 "Design for Access & Mobility–Part 4.1 Means to Assist the Orientation of People with Vision Impairment Tactile Ground Surface Indicators"
- AS1735.12-1999 "Lifts, Escalators & Moving Walkways Part 12 Facilities for Persons with Disabilities"
- AS2890.5 "Parking Facilities, Part 5: On-street parking"
- AS2890.6-2009 "Parking Facilities Off Street Parking for People with Disabilities"

4.5. Accessibility Best Practice

Beyond compliance with the above technical standards are the principles of accessibility best practice, universal design, inclusive environments and the overarching objective to reduce discrimination to the greatest extent possible.

4.6. Glossary, Definitions & Acronyms

The following are some common accessibility definitions and abbreviations relevant to the assessment:

Accessible

Accessible means having features to enable use by people with a disability.

Accessway or Accessible Path

Accessway means a continuous accessible path of travel (as defined in AS 1428.1) to, into or within a building

Ambulant disabilities (people with)

People who have a mobility disability but are able to walk.

AS

AS means Australian Standard published by Standards Australia.

AS1428.1

AS1428.1 contains various technical requirements for accessible features in the buildings

BCA

BCA is the Building Code of Australia, part of the National Construction Code.

Braille

Braille is a system of touch reading for the blind, which employs raised dots that are evenly arranged in quadrangular letter spaces or cells.

Circulation space

A clear unobstructed area, to enable persons using mobility aids to manoeuvre.

Continuous accessible path of travel

An uninterrupted path of travel to, into or within a building providing access to all accessible facilities (same as accessway)

DDA

The DDA is the (Federal) Disability Discrimination Act, 1992

Desirable (Recommendations or Requirements)

Are recommendations / requirements that are considered DDA "Best Practice" (though not necessarily detailed in any specific accessibility technical standard).

These recommendations are also intended to assist in minimising the potential of DDA claims and promote enhanced inclusivity, functionality and broader access for all including those with disabilities.

Disability

The definition of "disability" in the DDA includes physical, intellectual, psychiatric, sensory, neurological, and learning disabilities, as well as physical disfigurement, and the presence in the body of disease-causing organisms.

This broad definition is meant to ensure that everyone with a disability is protected.

Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS)

Deemed-to-Satisfy provisions means provisions which are deemed to satisfy the Performance Requirements and sometimes referred to as prescriptive requirements.

Encroachment

The intrusion of a building component, fixture or fitment into a continuous accessible path of travel or circulation space.

Essential (Recommendations or Requirements)

Are mandatory recommendations / requirements to meet statutory technical access legislation including Premises Standard, BCA or Australian Standards when considered against the scope.

Handrails (Accessible)

Handrails that are accessible contain additional technical features to promote ease of use by occupants, including those with disabilities. The technical requirements are contained within AS1428.1 for use on stairs, ramps, some walkways and other locations to assist in passive guidance and support.

Hazard

Any area or fixed object in or immediately adjacent to a direction of travel, which may place people at risk of injury.

Landing

A resting place on a path of travel, typically flat at a crossfall of no greater than 1:40 to assist with rest or to allow function of control (lift button, door hardware)

Luminance Reflective Value (LRV)

LRV standard for "luminance reflective value", which is the value then used to express contrast between two surfaces to assist with visual identification (such as tactile indicators, stairs nosings or doors)

Performance Requirement

Performance requirement means a requirement which states the level of performance which a Performance Solution or Deemed-to-Satisfy Solution must meet.

Performance Solution

Performance Solution means a method of complying with the Performance Requirements other than by a Deemed-to-Satisfy Solution.

Principal Pedestrian Entrance

Principal pedestrian entrance means the main and typically conspicuous entrance that occupants would used to access a building.

Ramp

An inclined surface on a continuous accessible path of travel between two landings with a gradient steeper than 1 in 20 but not steeper than 1 in 14.

Ramp, kerb

An inclined surface on a continuous accessible path of travel with a maximum rise of 190 mm, a length not greater than 1520 mm and a gradient not steeper than 1 in 8, located within or attached to a kerb.

Ramp, step

An inclined surface on a continuous accessible path of travel with a maximum rise of 190 mm, length not greater than 1900 mm and a gradient not steeper than 1 in 10.

Ramp, threshold

An inclined surface on a continuous accessible path of travel with a maximum rise of 35 mm, length not greater than 280 mm and a gradient not steeper than 1 in 8.

Sensory impairment

Any significant loss of hearing or vision.

Sole occupancy unit

A room or other part of a building for occupation by one or joint owner, lessee, tenant, or other occupier to the exclusion of any other owner, lessee, tenant or other occupier and includes—

- (a) a dwelling;
- (b) a room or suite of rooms in a Class 3 building, as defined in the BCA, which includes sleeping facilities;
- (c) a room or suite of associated rooms in a Class 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 building, as defined in the BCA; or
- (d) a room or suite of associated rooms in a Class 9c aged care building, as defined in the BCA, which includes sleeping facilities and any area for the exclusive use of a resident.

Tactile ground surface indicator (TGSI)

TGSIs are truncated cones and/or bars installed on the ground or floor surface, designed to provide pedestrians who are blind or vision-impaired with warning or directional orientation information.

Tactile signs

Signage incorporating raised text, and/or symbols and Braille to enable touch reading by people who are blind or who are vision-impaired.

Walkway

Any surface on a continuous accessible path of travel with a gradient not steeper than 1 in 20.

4.0 Limitations of the Report

The report is subject to the following limitations:

- The assessment is limited to the proposed <u>project scope</u> only as depicted in the assessed information referred to in Section 2.0 of this report and (where applicable) does not consider any existing building compliance beyond that specified in the project scope. Any existing building may/will contain existing non-compliances that are not necessarily addressed by this project scope. This includes the existing school building previously audited in January 2023.
- Some accessibility requirements are recognised as being interpretive in nature. Where these
 matters are encountered, interpretations are made in accordance with the definitions
 contained in Section 4.6 "Glossary, Definitions & Acronyms" of this report and Matt Shuter
 & Associates (MSA) policy. Other specific interpretations relevant to this assessment are
 included throughout where required.
- The Disability Discrimination Act, 1992 is complaints-based legislation. Compliance with the recommendations of this report does not assure or guarantee compliance with the provisions of the DDA and is limited to technical assessment of the proposed project scope only.
- For the purposes of this report, the new building together with buildings A, B, C, E, F, G,
 K, L, M & Q have been assessed as United Buildings'.
- The information provided to MSA as nominated in Section 2.0 is accepted in good faith as accurate and correct.

5.0 Building Characteristics

5.1 Building & Location Description

5.1.1 Dalmeny Public School Upgrade

The project site is located at 129 Dalmeny Drive, Prestons and is legally described as Lot 312 DP 882619.

Dalmeny Public School is located on the southern side of Dalmeny Drive and on the northern side of Umbria Street. The surrounding context of the site is predominantly low density residential.



Figure 5.1.1 – Aerial Photograph

Proposed Activity Description

The proposed activity for the Dalmeny Public School Upgrade includes the construction and occupation of a two-storey classroom building and associated covered walkways and landscaping.

Demolition

- Demolish part of existing fence on Dalmeny Drive;
- Remove two (2) trees; and
- Earthworks;

Construction and occupation

- Two-storey classroom building (Block H);
- Covered walkways (excluding between Block G and H),
- Footpath between block G and block H
- Landscaping (surrounding Block H),
- Fence and gate south of Block H;
- OSD tank;
- New Main Switch Board;
- Substation; and
- Fire Hydrant.

The classroom building will consist of the following floor layout:

- **Ground Floor Level:** Comprises eight (8) general learning spaces (GLS) and two (2) learning commons spaces (LCS). Also located on the ground floor level are amenities, services, storage spaces and a lift and two stair cases to provide access to the first-floor level; and
- **First Floor Level:** The first-floor level will also comprise eight (8) GLS and two (2) LCS. Also located on the first-floor level are amenities, a mechanical plant room and other rooms for services.

Works to be undertaken under separate Planning Pathway (not part of this REF)

Works to be undertaken under a separate planning pathway cannot be undertaken until the Activity is completed and operational.

- Decommission and remove existing single storey portable classrooms;
- Decommission and remove existing portable amenities;
- Associated covered walkways to be demolished;
- Associated site infrastructure works;
- Shade structure over pathway between block G and H;
- Remainder of landscaping
- Fencing and gate north-west of Block H.

5.2 BCA Assessment Data

The following table/s provide information on the key BCA Assessment Data relevant to the development:

	BCA Clause	School Building
A6G1	Classification	Class 9b (Secondary School Building)
C2D3	Rise in Stories	2
C2D2	Construction Type	Type B Construction (Intermediate Fire Resistance)
C3D3	Floor areas and Fire Compartment Limitations	Type B (Class 5, 9b or 9c) - Max Floor Area 5500m2, Max Volume 33000m3
Schedule 1	Effective Height	Less than 12m

Table 5.2 – BCA Assessment Data for New Buildings

6.0 Access Assessment & Recommendations

The following DDA Compliance Schedule details the relevant requirements and provides recommendations to provide for appropriate and compliant accessibility with regard to the project scope. Table 6.0 is a summary of requirements only and referenced documents and standards should always be referred to for full dimensions and requirements.

The following notations are made in the below table:

Status	Description
Complies	The design documentation for new building works demonstrates compliance with the relevant deemed-to-satisfy accessibility / DDA requirement as relevant to the project scope
Can Readily Though strict & full compliance can't necessarily be ascertained on the current level of documentation detail, compliance can be readily achieved within the constraints of the design. This may be in the form of a plan or specification note, or further detailed information.	
NA / Informational	The matter is not applicable to the item of the project scope or the clause is informational only. No specific action required.
Does Not Comply	There is an apparent or foreseeable non-compliance with the accessibility / DDA deemed-to- satisfy provisions indicated on the design documentation that will require re-design or further consideration.
Fire Engineering	A Fire Engineering Report (for emergency egress of people with disabilities) is required to address the DTS non-compliance (or re-design). The recommendations of the fire engineering report must be incorporated into the design.
BCA / DDA Performance Solution	A BCA / DDA Performance Solution Report (for an accessibility issue) is required to address the DTS non-compliance (or re-design). The recommendations of the performance solution report must be incorporated into the design.
Certification by Designer or Specialist.	Detailed assessment / confirmation is required from the relevant designer, design engineer or specialist to confirm compliance with the nominated accessibility requirement/s. This may be technical advice at early design stages or design compliance certification at detailed design stages.

Table 6.0 – Status Key for DDA Compliance Assessment Table

Table 6.0 provides a summary of the technical accessibility / DDA compliance requirements and should be read in conjunction with the full terms, wording and requirements of the relevant accessibility legislation, BCA and Australian Standards.

Table 6.0 – DDA Compliance Schedule

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
What Build	ings Must be Accessible?		
BCA D4D2	Class 9b – Schools & Early Childhood Centres Accessible Areas To and within all areas normally used by the occupants.	Access has generally been indicated to all Class 9b school areas as required.	Complies
Access to E	Buildings	,	
BCA D4D3(1)(a)	Accessway provided from main points of pedestrian entry at the allotment boundary to building entry	An accessway is provided from the main point of pedestrian entry being the entrance off Dalmeny Drive, near Block A. The accessway appears to achieve compliance based off the Site Plan, showing different gradients and walkways.	Complies
BCA D4D3(1)(b)	Accessway provided between other accessible buildings connected by a pedestrian link	A compliant accessway is provided between Block G and the new Block H, indicating compliance with the clause.	Complies
BCA D4D3(1)(c)	Accessway provided between any accessible carparking space on the allotment and building entry	Any existing accessible car parking spaces to be nominated on the plans to confirm compliance with this clause.	Can Readily Comply
BCA D4D3(2)(a)	Accessway provided through the 'principal pedestrian entrance' and not less than 50% of all entrances.	An accessway is provided via the footpath walkway through to the 'principal pedestrian entrance' to the building. There are multiple pedestrian entrances into the building, all of which are accessible based on the current design.	Complies
BCA D4D3(2)(b)	Where the floor area of the building exceeds 500m ² , a non-accessible entrance must not be located more than 50m from an accessible entrance.	There are two (2) non accessible pedestrian entrances into the building that are less than 50m from the main accessible pedestrian entrance which is considered compliant with Clause BCA D3.2(b)(ii).	Complies

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
BCA D4D3 (3)(a)&(5)	If the pedestrian entrance consists of not more than 3 doorways — not less than 1 of those doorways must be accessible (minimum 850mm width)	Block H contains multiple entrance doorways measuring at least 850mm wide. Door schedule is provided which confirms door width compliance.	Complies
BCA D4D3(3)(b) &(5)	If a pedestrian entrance consists of more than 3 doorways — not less than 50% of those doorways must be accessible and minimum 850mm clear width (except auto-opening doors).	Block H contains multiple entrance doorways measuring at least 850mm wide. Door schedule is provided which confirms door width compliance.	Complies
Accessible	Building Parts & Concessions		
BCA D4D4	 Features Required to be Accessible Accessible path accessways complying with detailed requirements of AS1428.1-2009 Ramps (other than fire isolated ramps) but including 1:14-1:20 ramps, step ramps, kerb ramps and door threshold ramps must comply with Clause 10 of AS1428.1-2009. Stairways (other than the fire isolated stairways) are required to comply with Clause 11 of AS1428.1-2009. Fire isolated stairways are required to comply with Clause 11.1 (f) and (g) of AS1428.1 Every passenger lift must comply with BCA 3.6 Concessions from passenger lift requirements in 3 storey Class 5,6,7b or 8 buildings with a floor area of less than 200m² for the upper storeys. 	Informational – detailed requirements are contained below for the relevant accessible features	Informational
BCA D4D4(f)	 Specific requirements apply in relation to carpets in accessible areas. Accessible Exemption - Ramp or Lift to Small Class 5, 6, 7b or 8 Storeys A ramp complying with AS 1428.1 or a passenger lift need not be provided to serve a storey or level other than the entrance storey in a Class 5, 6, 7b or 8 building— 	Not applicable	Not Applicable
BCA D4D5	 Accessible Exemption - Inappropriate or Unsafe Areas Access into certain areas are provided with a concession from the general Access requirements. Areas where it would be inappropriate because of the use of the particular area. An area that posses a health/safety risk for people with a disability. 	Service and electrical rooms are generally exempt from compliance with accessibility requirements.	Informational

lause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
he Access	ible Path		
CA D4D4, Clause 6.2 & 6.3 f AS1428.1	Accessible Path Clear Width Accessible paths must be a minimum 1000mm wide (or 1800mm minimum to avoid passing bays) and free of any protruding obstructions.	All accessible paths are a minimum of 1000mm in width, indicating compliance with this clause.	Complies
CA D4D4, Clause 6.2 & 6.3 f AS1428.1	Accessible Path Clear Height Unobstructed clear height of no less than 2000mm and 1980mm at doorways	The accessible path clear height of all pathways and doorways are greater than 2000mm and 1980mm at doorways, generally indicating complaince with this clause.	Complies
).1 of AS1428.1	Accessible Path Crossfall Maximum crossfall of 1:40, or 1:33 where bitumen	The accessible path crossfall appears compliant. Please show on plans the crossfall expressed as a percentage along the 1:22 walkway to confirm compliance.	Further Detail Required

Clause	Accessibility Requirement		Compliance Comment	Status
BCA D4D4(c)(d) & 6.4 of AS1428.1	 Passing Bays Must be provided at no greater than 20m intervals to allow two wheelch This is only required where the accessible path is less than 1800mm winot available. An intersection of an accessway must satisfy <i>both</i> passing bay and turn of a accessway must satisfy <i>both</i> passing bay and turn the same satisfy a clear width of 1800 mm is required 	dth and where a direct line of sight is	Corridors, pathways and access links are adequately sized to permit passing bays, indicating general compliance with this clause.	Complies
BCA D4D4 & 6.5 of AS1428.1	 Circulation space must be provided in front of key accessible features and following turns 90 degree turn - 1500mm x 1500mm 180 degree turn - 2070mm x 1540mm 360 degree turn - 2250mm x 2250mm (2450mm x 2450mm preferred) Turning spaces must be provided within 2m of the accessway end and accessway 	/desirable)	The circulation spaces along all accessible pathways are compliant based off the current design.	Complies
	Image: state of the state o	540 min. 540 min. (c) Space required at ramp landing		
	90 Degree Turn 180 Degree Turn – Example 1	180 Degree Turn – Example 2		

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Clause	Accessibility Requirement			Compliance Comment	Status
Floor Surfac	ces				
Clause 7 of AS1428.1	Abutting Floor Surfaces Provide a smooth transition between abutting surfaces (including recessed mats). A construction tolerance of +/- 3mm for vertical differences is allowable or +/- 5mm where edges are rounded or beveled. Gaps must not exceed 5mm in width. Image: state of the state o			Floor surface materials and transitions to be confirmed during detailed design.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
Clause 7.5 of AS1428.1				Floor / Trench grate gap details to be confirmed during detailed design. Please ensure any dra grate gaps along accessible pathways are no greater than 8mm running parallel with the path travel and 13mm running perpendicular to the path of travel.	
BCA Table D3D15	Slip Resistance The following slip resistance levels must be met per AS			Floor surface materials and slip resistance to be confirmed during detailed design.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
	Application	Surface Dry	Conditions Wet		
	Ramp steeper than 1:14	P4 (W) or R11	P5 (V) or R12		
	Ramp steeper than 1:20 but not steeper than 1:14	P3 (X) or R10	P4 (W) or R11		
	Tread or Landing Surface	P3 (X) or R10	P4 (W) or R11		
	Nosing or landing edge strip	P3 (X)	P4 (W)		

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
BCA D4D4(g) & (h)	 Carpets - on the accessible path must ensure: the pile height or pile thickness shall not exceed 11 mm and the carpet backing thickness shall not exceed 4 mm, A combined thickness of carpet and pile shall not exceed 15mm. 	Floor surface materials to be confirmed during detailed design.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
Doorways	& Doors		
Clause 13 of AS1428.1	 Clear Opening of Doorways Minimum 850mm clear opening (usually requires 920mm door leaf) Where double doors are used, this applies to the active leaf 	Door schedule is provided which confirms door width compliance.	Complies
Clause 13 of AS1428.1	Cruclation Space at Doorways 9. Clear circulation space around the per Section 13 of AS1428.1-2009 dependant on if a swing door, sliding door or power-operated door 9. Door leaf should be inset minimally and no more than 300mm max to allow functional use 1. Landings at doorways to be equivalent size to the required circulation space (max 1:40 crossfall) 1. Unit of the transformed provide the transform	The circulation spaces at the doorways are compliant at this stage of the design.	Complies

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment
Clause 13.4 of AS1428.1	Distance Between Successive Doors in Passages Minimum 1450mm clearance required between door swing / leaf and next successive door on an accessible path airlock or vestibule.	There are no successive doors in passages in the proposed works.
Clause 13.5 of AS1428.1	 Accessible Door Hardware & Features - General For doors other than fire doors and smoke doors where a door closer is fitted, the force required at the door handle to operate the door shall not exceed 20N for the following: To initially open the door To swing or slide the door To hold the door open between 60° and 90° Locking snibs must have a lever handle of a minimum length of 45mm from the centre of the spindle Where an outward opening door is not self-closing, a horizontal handrail or pull bar shall be fixed on the closing face of a side-hung door Glazing on doors must have a lower edge 300mm-1000mm and top edge 1600mm+ above floor level. It must be at least 150mm wide and not extend within 200mm of the latch edge of the door. Door must contain Luminance Contrast between door, jamb &/or wall of 30% provided to identify the door (see "Colour Contrast" of this report) 	Door hardware schedule details to be supplied during detailed design.
Clause 13.5 of AS1428.1	 Swinging Door Hardware Lever type handles that don't need to be gripped, pinched or twisted should be provided The door handle and related hardware shall be of the type that allows the door to be unlocked and opened with one hand. The handle shall be such that the hand of a person who cannot grip will not slip from the handle during the operation of the latch Located 900mm-1100mm above floor level 	Door hardware schedule details to be supplied during detailed design.

Status
Informational
Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment
Clause 13.5 of	Sliding Door Hardware	Door hardware schedule details to be supplied during detailed design.
AS1428.1	D pull handles should be provided to sliding doors	Newton force testing for opening of sliding doors to be conducted on site
	Located 900mm-1000mm and no less than 60mm from the jamb (when open or closed)	
	• For doors other than fire doors and smoke doors where a door closer is fitted, the force required at the door handle to operate the door shall not exceed the following:	
	$_{\circ}$ (i) To initially open the door	
	$_{\circ}$ (ii) To swing or slide the door20 N.	
	$_{\odot}$ (iii) To hold the door open between 60° and 90°20 N.	
	35 to 45 mm	
Clause 13.5 of	Power Operated Door Hardware	There does not appear to be any power operated doorways proposed.
AS1428.1	 Buttons for power operated doors must be 25mm raised diameter 	There does not appear to be any power operated doorways proposed.
	Located 1000mm-2000mm of the hinge side of the door and minimum 500mm from any internal corner	
Colour Cont	trast & Visual Identification	
Clause 13.1 of	Luminance Reflective Value (LRV) Contrast	Luminance Contrast details to be supplied during detailed design.
AS1428.1-2009, AS1428.4.1-2009	To improve visual identification, the following building elements must be provided with a Luminance Reflective Value contrast of min 30% unless otherwise stated:	Plan note/specification to be provided on plans confirming intended comp

contrast of min 30% unless otherwise stated:

leaf and architrave; or (e) door jamb and adjacent wall)

• Tactile Ground Surface Indicators (addressed elsewhere in this report)

• Columns, bollards or obstructions adjacent to the accessway (desirable)

• Stair Nosings (addressed elsewhere in this report)

• Handrails where against a wall or screen (desirable)

• Strip/decal to full height glazing (see below)

• Door handles (Desirable)

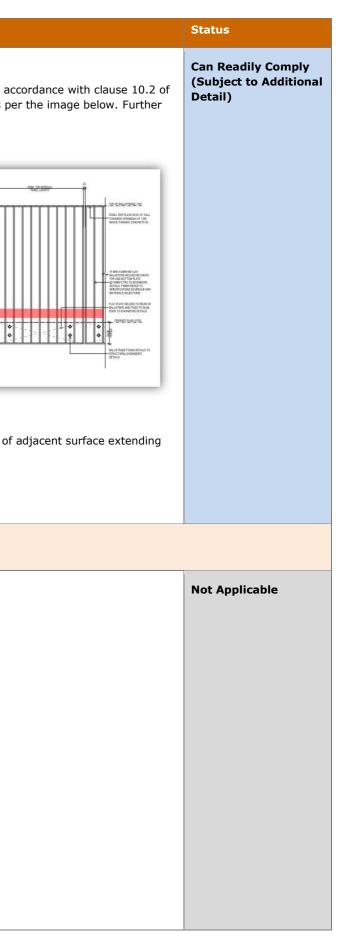
• Doors / frames - (a) door leaf and door jamb (b) door leaf and adjacent wall; (c) architrave and wall; (d) door

MATT SHUTER + ASSOCIATES - BUILDING CODE + DDA ACCESSIBILITY + CERTIFIERS

	Status
ite at completion.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
	Not Applicable
mpliance.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
BCA D4D12 & Clause 6.6 of AS1428.1-2009	Visual Indicators on Glazing All full height glazing that is not otherwise provided with a handrail or transom must be provided with: A contrasting strip not less than 75mm high to identify the glazing Lower edge located between 900mm-1000mm above floor level 30% LRV contrast against floor surface within 2m of the glazing on the opposite side 	Visual indicator on all glazing including doorway to be provided on plans to confirm compliance. Plan note/specification to be provided on plans confirming intended compliance.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
Walkways			
BCA D4D4 & Clause 10 of AS1428.1	 Walkway Design Walkway gradients must not be steeper than 1:20 Landings that are min. 1200mm deep spaced no greater than 15m apart for 1:20 grades and every 25m for 1:33 For walkways between 1:20 and 1:33 the gradient is calculated by linear interpolation The landing spacing can be increased by 30% if at least one side is bound by a handrail and kerb/wall No landings are required if shallower than 1:33 Sharp transitions shall be provided between the planes of landings and ramps Landings shall be provided at all changes in direction 1800mm minimum width, or passing bays every 6m where less Crossfalls to shed water up to 1:40 max, or 1:33 if bitumen 	The external path connection between the Block H, existing internal accessways, and the main point of pedestrian entry at the allotment boundary are required to be fully accessible in accordance with AS1428.1-2009. The design of the walkways indicates general compliance with this clause at this stage of the design.	Complies

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment
BCA D4D4 & Clause 10.2 of AS1428.1	Walkway Edge Protection & Handrails Side protection to both sides being: A kerb at least 150mm in height (cannot be 75mm-150mm in height) A kerb & handrail (where kerb alone could be a trip hazard) Wall > 450mm, or Where not bound on the sides, the surface adjacent to the walkway must be a differing material that is firm and at the same crossfall for at least 600mm either side Image: the same crossfall for at least 600mm either side Imag	Walkway Edge Protection is required along the balustrades/barriers in acceleration is required along the balustrades/barriers in acceleration is required at subsequent design stages for review. Image: Stage of the provided at subsequent design stages for review. Image: Stage of the provided at subsequent design stages for review. Image: Stage of the provided at subsequent design stages for review. Image: Stage of the provided at subsequent design stages for review. Image: Stage of the provided at subsequent design stages for review. Image: Stage of the provided at subsequent design stages for review. Image: Stage of the footpath indicates appropriate edge protection of a goodman at the same crossfall.
Ramps BCA D4D4(a) & 10.3 o& 10.8 of AS1428.1	 Ramp Design Ramp gradients must be between 1:14 and less than 1:20 Ramp gradients must be constant and max. 3% variance Crossfall no greater than 1:40 Landings at least 1200mm deep must be provided: For ramp gradients of 1 in 14, at intervals not greater than 9 m. For ramp gradients steeper than 1 in 20, at intervals not greater than 15 m. For ramp gradients between 1 in 14 and steeper than 1 in 20, at intervals that shall be obtained by linear interpolation. Landings at changes in direction being 1500mm x 1500mm for 90 degrees and 2070mm x 1540mm for 180 degrees Landings at doors at least the size of the required circulation space 1800mm minimum width, or passing bays every 6m where less Setback to avoid handrails protruding into traverse paths Setback to avoid tactiles crossing allotment boundaries (at street) Tactile Indicators to the top and bottom 	There are no new ramps proposed.



Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment
	Formula extension Soo min. Formula extension Formula extension Formula extension Example of Ramp Design - Isometric View	
BCA D4D4(a) & 10.3 of AS1428.1	Ramp Edge Protection & Handrails• Continuous accessible handrails provided to both sides of ramp at a constant height between 865mm-1000mm• 300mmm handrail extensions to top and bottom• Accessible handrail terminations - return to floor, wall or 180 degrees• 35-50mm diameter with 50mm minimum clearance• Free of any obstruction in top 270 degrees of handrail radius• Kerb >150mm in height to both sides, or a 65-75mm kerb with balusters setback at least 200mm (a 75mm-150mm height kerb is prohibited).• There shall be no longitudinal gap or slot over 20mm between 75mm-150mm in height• There shall be no longitudinal gap or slot over 20mm between 75mm-150mm in height• There shall be no longitudinal gap or slot over 20mm between 75mm-150mm in height• There shall be no longitudinal gap or slot over 20mm between 75mm-150mm in height• Example of Ramp Handrail & Kerb Side Protection	There are no new ramps proposed.
BCA D4D12(a)	Ramps – Total Level Change	There are no new ramps proposed.

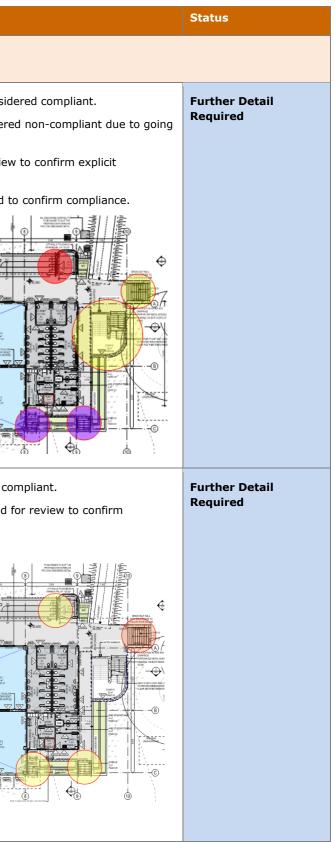
Status
Not Applicable
Not Applicable

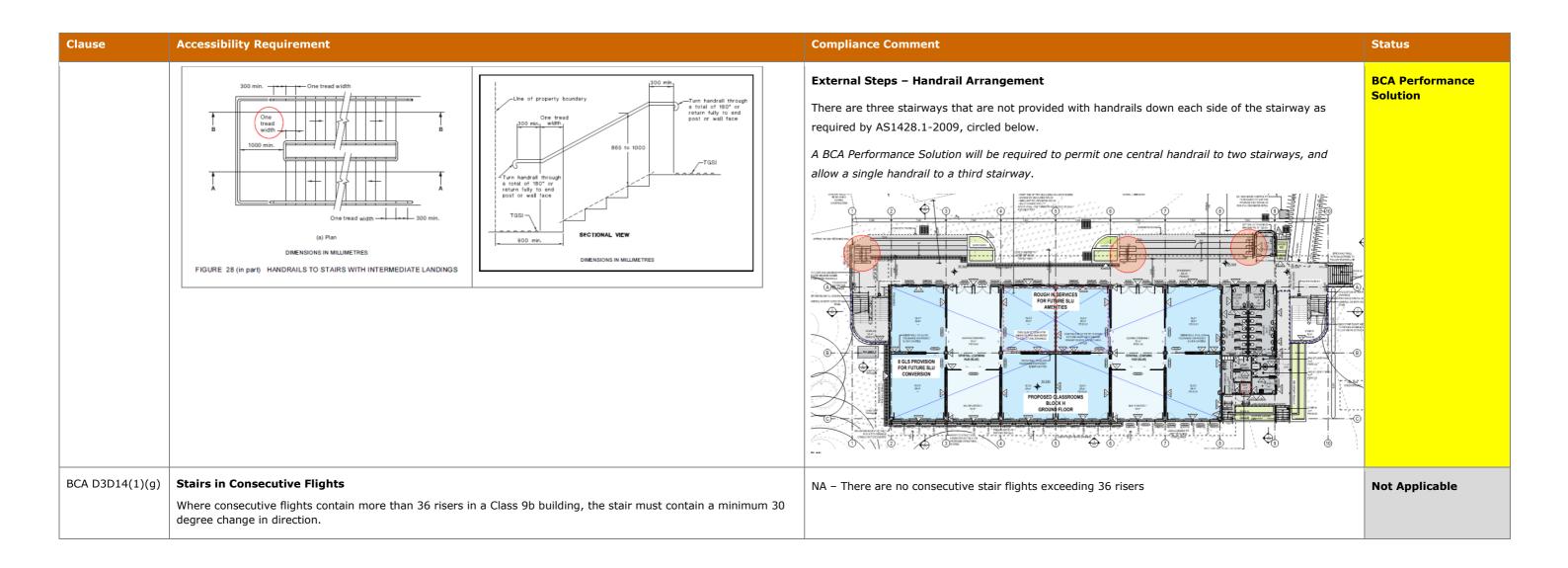
Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment
BCA D4D12(a) & 10.4 o& 10.8 of AS1428.1	Curved Ramps Curved ramps, walkways and landings shall comply with the following: • The gradient of curved ramps and walkways shall comply with Figure 20. • 1200mm deep landings at least every 9m where gradient is 1:14 • Landings at changes in direction being 1500mm x 1500mm for 90 degrees and 2070mm x 1540mm for 180 degrees • Landings at doors at least the size of the required circulation space • The length of a curved ramp shall be measured horizontally along its centreline. • Curved ramps and walkways shall have a width of not less than 1500 mm. • Any crossfall shall be towards the centre of curvature • $for the degree of the required for the tervet of the tervet terv$	There are no new curved ramps proposed.
BCA D4D12(a) DD4D12(b) & 10.6 of AS1428.1	Step Ramps Step ramps shall have: • a maximum rise of 190 mm; • a length not greater than 1900 mm; and • a gradient not steeper than 1 in 10 • top landings of at least 1500 x 1500mm or increased if at doors • A landing for a step ramp must not overlap a landing for another step ramp or ramp. Image: Step face for edge protection of travel geg protecti	There are no apparent step ramps proposed.

Status
Not Applicable
Non Applicable

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
BCA D4D4(a) & 10.7 of AS1428.1	Kerb Ramps ASI428.1 Kerb ramps shall have • a maximum rise of 190 mm; • a length not greater than 1520 mm; and • a gradient not steeper than 1 in 8, located within or attached to a kerb • Contrast to the surrounding surface or provided with 50mm perimeter junction stripe • Align with opposing kerb ramps where crossing vehicle ways Image: State of the surrounding surface or provided with 50mm perimeter junction stripe • Align with opposing kerb ramps where crossing vehicle ways Image: State of the surrounding surface or provided with 50mm perimeter junction stripe • Align with opposing kerb ramps where crossing vehicle ways Image: State of the surrounding surface or provided with 50mm perimeter junction stripe • Align with opposing kerb ramps where crossing vehicle ways Image: State of the surrounding surface or provided with 50mm perimeter junction of transport of the surrounding structure of the surrounding structur	There are no kerb ramps proposed.	Not Applicable
BCA D4D4(a) & 10.5 of AS1428.1	Door Threshold Ramps AS1428.1 • Door threshold ramps must be contained in the door threshold • Must not exceed 1:8, 35mm in RL change and 280mm in length Door 20 max. 35 max. 280 max. 280 max. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES	Where proposed, threshold details to be supplied during detailed design stage.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
BCA D3D11	 Pedestrian (Non-Accessible) Ramps BCA Clause D2.10 Pedestrian ramps not relied upon as an accessible path must maintain a maximum gradient of 1:8 (BCA) A handrail to at least one side (Essential) Accessible handrails are recommended to both sides to assist with passive guidance and support (Desirable) 	NA – There are no non-accessible ramps proposed	Not Applicable

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	
Stairs			
BCA D3D14, D4D4 & Section 11 of AS1428.1- 2009	 Stair Design Not more than 18 and not less than 2 risers in each flight Constant goings and risers throughout the flight (+/- 5mm between consecutive and max +/- 10mm through flight) Going, riser & quantity dimensions meeting Table D3D14: Table D3D14: Riser and going dimensions Stairway location Riser (R) Going (G)Note 3 Quantity (2R + G) Max Min Max S55 250 700 550 Bottom riser may vary when meeting a public road only No winders for public stairs Landings no steeper than 1:50 at the top and bottom extending no less than 750mm, 900mm preferred to accommodate tactiles Setback so the accessible handrails do not protrude into pedestrian crossflow generally Setback 900mm at property boundaries so tactiles also do not protrude past boundary 	The stairway goings and risers marked in yellow circles below are considered register exceeding the maximum length of 355mm (400mm). Detailed plans of all stair sets marked in purple to be provided for review to compliance. Further detail of the slip resistance of the treads/nosing to be provided to compliance of the treads/nosing to be provided to compliance of the treads/nosing to be provided to compliance of the treads/nosing to be provided to compliance.	
BCA D4D4(a)(ii) & Clause 11 of AS1428.1	 Stair Handrails Handrails provided to both sides of all accessible stairs (only one side in fire isolated stairs) 865mm-1000mm above nosing line Continuous through flights and landings Consistent height throughout Handrails shall have no vertical sections and shall follow the angle of the stairway nosings Risers must be offset at any mid-landings to avoid vertical sections in handrails Handrail at top of stair to extend 300mm past top riser Handrail at bottom of stair to extend one tread depth (at angle) plus 300mm horizontal Accessible terminations - return to floor, wall or 180 degrees 35-50mm diameter with 50mm minimum clearance Free of any obstruction in top 270 degrees of handrail radius 	<text></text>	

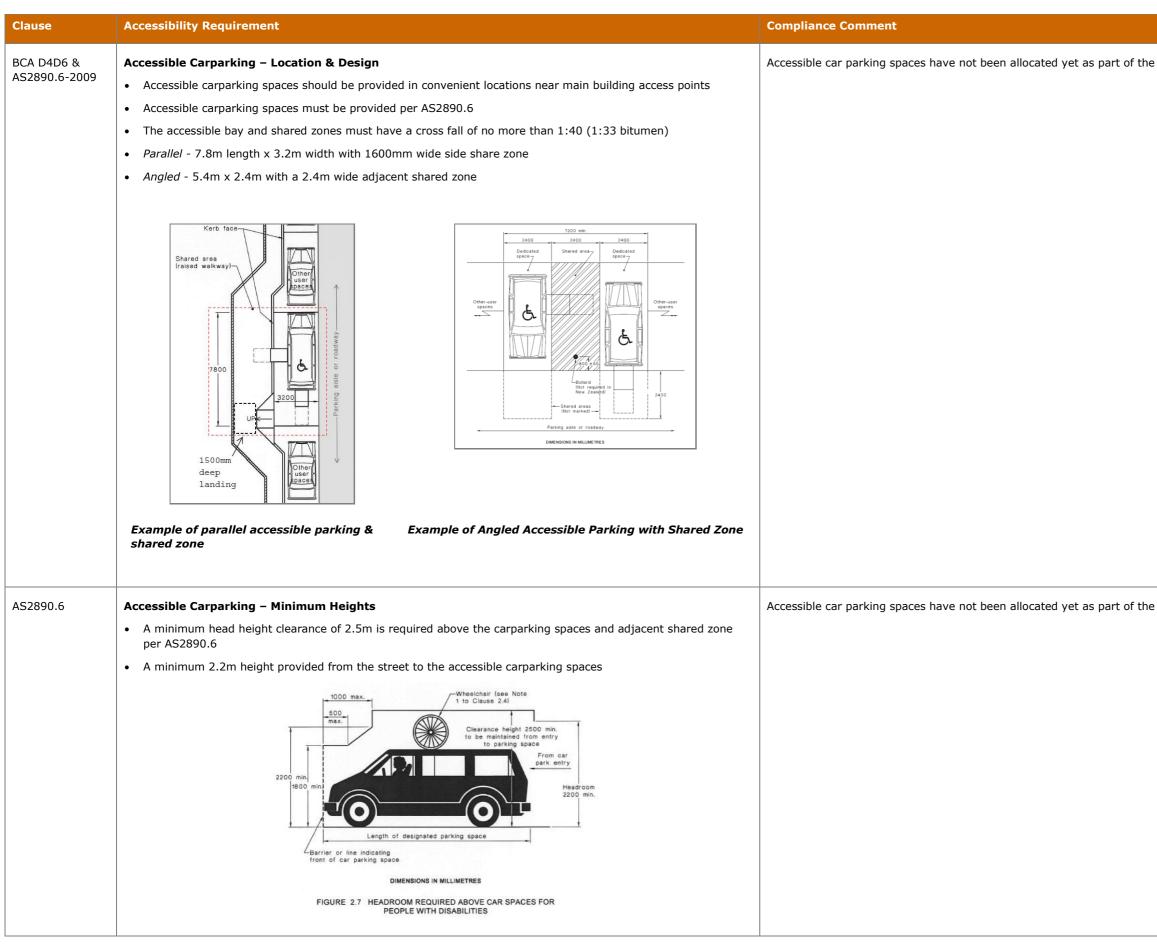




Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment
BCA D3D14, 11.1 & Figure 27 of AS1428.1.	 Stair Nosings Contrasting nosing being a 50-75mm strip that has an LRV contrast of no less than 30% Nosing strips must be located within 15mm of the leading edge and not extend more than 10mm on the vertical face. Not project beyond riser and max splay of 25mm Nosing profile to be 5mm max radius or chamfer 	Further design review to be conducted at subsequent design stages to c
	25 max. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES FIGURE 27(B) A TYPICAL STAIR NOSING PROFILE WITH EXPOSED NOSING STRIP	
BCA D3D22, Clause 11.1 (f) & (g) & Clause 12 of AS1428.1	 Fire Isolated Stairs Fire isolated stairs are required to comply with specific accessibility requirements: Riser and going dimensions to meet BCA D2.13 50-75mm contrasting Stair Nosings per 11.1(f) & (g) of AS1428.1 A continuous 30—50mm handrail to at least one side of the stair with a constant height of 865mm-1000mm Minimum 50mm clearance from handrail to any obstruction Stairs must be offset at mid-landings to avoid vertical sections in the inner handrail per Figure 28 Note that handrails must contain compliant accessible terminations (to wall, floor or 180 degree turn) but not necessarily accessible extensions past the top and bottom riser. 	NA – the external stairs are not subject to this concession.
Passenger Li	fts	
BCA Part E3, AS1735.12	 Lifts & Lift Cars Minimum internal car dimensions for accessibility of: 1100mm (wide) x 1400mm (deep) for lifts serving a level change less than 12m 1400mm (wide) x 1600mm (deep) for lifts serving a level change more than 12m Additional internal car dimension of 2000mm (deep) x 600mm (wide) for stretcher facilities if serving a storey with an effective height of more than 12m 900mm clear door opening with auto sensors 	Lift details to be provided in the developing design.

	Status
confirm compliance.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
	Not Applicable
	Certification by Designer or Specialist

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
Section 6 of AS1428.1-2009	 Lift Landings Minimum 2070mm (d) x 1540mm (w) clear circulation space to allow 180 degree turn (essential) 1:40 maximum crossfall for lift landings 2250mm x 2250mm for a 360 degree turn (desirable) Minimum 800mm(w)x 1300mm(d) wheelchair waiting space provided to the side of the lift door opening at lift landings (can overlap with other circulation spaces, but should be clear of pedestrian paths) Minimum 500mm clearance of any lift call button from an internal corner 	Lift landings are considered non-compliant. Please ensure Lift Call Buttons are detailed in subsequent designs, making sure the buttons are at least 500mm from an adjacent wall.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additiona Detail)
Accessible	Carparking		
BCA D4D6	Accessible Carparking Accessible carparking meeting AS2890.6 with side shared zone must be provided to a Class 7a building, or carpark with an accessible building on the same allotment in accordance with the below dependant on the class of building served:	Accessible car parking spaces have not been allocated yet as part of the proposed design.	Informational
BCA D4D6	 Class 5, 7, 8 or 9c 1 x accessible space (with side shared zone) for every 100 carparking spaces or part thereof. 	Accessible car parking spaces have not been allocated yet as part of the proposed design.	Informational
BCA D4D6	 Class 9b School 1 x accessible space (with side shared zone) for every 100 carparking spaces or part thereof. 	Accessible car parking spaces have not been allocated yet as part of the proposed design.	Informational



	Status
ne proposed design.	Informational
ne proposed design.	Informational

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
A4 of Appendix A of AS1428.1	 Accessible Access Controls at Carpark Entries Access carpark entry controls shall be located on the driver side (right) Intercom pedestal located so that the push button is positioned laterally within 50 ± 25mm behind the face of the adjacent kerb. 	Accessible car parking spaces have not been allocated yet as part of the proposed design.	Informational
Signage			
BCA D4D7 & Specification 15	Braille & Tactile Signage Braille and tactile signage incorporating the international symbol of access or deafness as appropriate to the following locations:	Subject to further ongoing detail.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
BCA D4D7(1)(a) (ii)	 Braille & Tactile Signage - Exit Doors Identify each door required to be served by an exit sign under E4.5 and state: "Exit", and "Level" and either the floor number, floor level description, or a combination Signage must be located: on the side that faces a person seeking egress and on the wall on the latch side of the door with the leading edge of the sign located between 50 mm and 300 mm from the architrave; and where this is not possible, the sign may be placed on the door itself. Example Exit Signage 	Subject to further ongoing detail.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
BCA D4D7(1)(b)	Braille & Tactile Signage - Hearing Augmentation Signage incorporating the international symbol of deafness to room with hearing augmentation identifying the type, the area covered and location of receivers. It is recommended signage be provided at the entrance to the building area (to identify that hearing augmentation is available inside) as well as the physical location of the hearing augmentation area served. May apply to auditoriums, meeting rooms or screened locations.	Subject to further ongoing detail.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment
BCA D4D7(1)(c)(d)(f)		Subject to further ongoing detail.
BCA D4D7(1)(e)	Braille & Tactile Signage - Building Entrances Directional signage where a pedestrian entrance is not accessible. Image: the second sec	Subject to further ongoing detail.
BCA Specification	 Braille & Tactile Signage - Location Height Braille and Tactile components of the above signage must be between 1200mm and 1600mm above floor level Signs with single lines of characters must have the tactile characters between 1250mm-1350mm Location Located 50-300mm from the architrave of the latch side of the door Where this is not possible, it may be on the door itself 	Subject to further ongoing detail.

Status
Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment
Hearing A	ugmentation	
BCA D4D8	Hearing Augmentation	Subject to further detailed design.
	Hearing Augmentation must be provided where there is an in-built amplification system (other than one for emergency purposes) in:	
	A room in a Class 9b building	
	In an auditorium, conference room, meeting room	
	At any ticket office, tellers booth, reception area or the like where the public is screened from the service provider.	
Tactile Gr	ound Surface Indicators	
BCA D4D9 &	Tactile Indicators	Informational
AS1428.4.1	TGSI are a valuable wayfinding tool for those with vision impairment. TGSIs provide a distinct tactile cue to alert people with vision impairment when they are approaching hazardous situations and to provide directional guidance.	

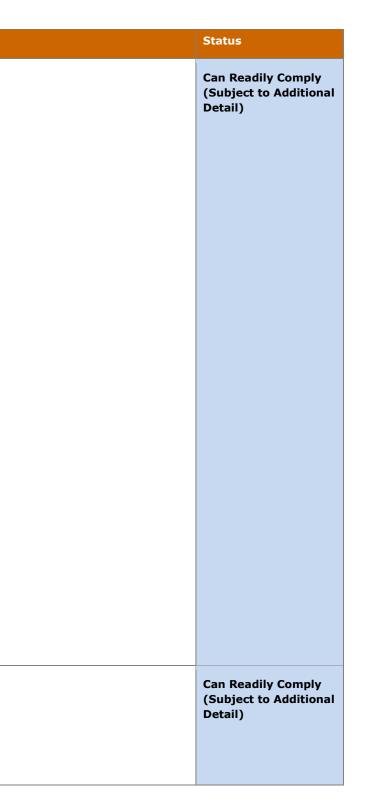
Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
Hearing A	ugmentation		
BCA D4D8	 Hearing Augmentation Hearing Augmentation must be provided where there is an in-built amplification system (other than one for emergency purposes) in: A room in a Class 9b building In an auditorium, conference room, meeting room At any ticket office, tellers booth, reception area or the like where the public is screened from the service provider. 	Subject to further detailed design.	Certification by Designer or Specialist
Tactile G	ound Surface Indicators		
BCA D4D9 & AS1428.4.1	Tactile Indicators TGSI are a valuable wayfinding tool for those with vision impairment. TGSIs provide a distinct tactile cue to alert people with vision impairment when they are approaching hazardous situations and to provide directional guidance. There are two types of TGSIs currently used in Australia: <i>Warning TGSIs (mandatory)</i> • Tactile ground surface indicators (TGSI) complying with AS1428.4.1must be provided to: • Stairs, escalators, ramps, moving walkways • Trafficable areas where an overhead obstruction is less than 2m in height <i>Directional TGSIs (desirable)</i> • Used to provide directional guidance towards key features of buildings • Useful for wide open forecourts and spaces where there is an absence of 'shorelines' or other cues	Informational	Informational
BCA D4D9 & AS1428.4.1	 Warning Tactile Ground Surface Indicators Are a series of truncated domes which alert vision-impaired people to impending hazards that could not be reasonably expected or anticipated and are typically installed at: Stairs Approaches Ramp Approaches (steeper than 1:20) Top of step and kerb ramps (never place on ramps) To indicate overhead obstructions below a height of 2000mm Where accessways approach a vehicular way Tactiles are typically a 600mm deep pad extending the width of the hazard, but may be reduced in depth at smaller landings. 	Warning TGSIs are required at the top and bottom of all stairways. Further design detail to be provided to review and confirm compliance. Please note: Warning TGSI's are not required at the mid landing of the stairway, so long as a continuous outer handrail is provided.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment
DDA Best Practice & AS1428.4.1	 Directional Tactile Ground Surface Indicators Directional tactile indicators are <u>not</u> specifically required under current BCA for buildings (except public transport buildings). However, the following is recommended as best practice advice from AS1428.4.1 to provide for improved wayfinding for people with vision impairment (Desirable). Shorelines (uninterrupted structure in the built environment) should be provided where possible to allow for wayfinding to key building features (entry, drop off points, vertical transport etc) In the absence of adequate shorelines, Directional Tactile indicators should be considered where a change in direction is required between key building features such as drop off points and the principal pedestrian entry (especially across open forecourts etc) Directional Tactile indicators should comply with AS1428.4.1 	Directional Tactile Ground Surface Indicators are not required in the bu
BCA D4D9 & AS1428.4.1-2009	Contrast of Tactiles TGSIs are recommended to have a Luminance Reflective Value (LRV) contrast dependant on the type of tactiles used as follows: • Pad / Tile Tactiles – minimum 30% to surrounding surface • Discrete / Individual Tactiles – minimum 45% contrast to the adjacent path of travel • Composite Colour (Two toned) Discrete Tactiles – 60% contrast to adjacent path of travel	Contrast of tactiles is required to comply. Further detail to be provided
Accessible	Seating	
BCA D4D10	Wheelchair seating spaces in Class 9b assembly buildings Wheelchair seating spaces complying with AS1428.1 must be provided in Class 9b buildings in accordance with BCA D3.9 & Table D3.9	Not Applicable as no fixed seating.
DDA Best Practice	Seating For Rest It is recommended that accessible seating for rest is provided on long accessways at intervals no greater than 60m (Desirable)	It is recommended (desirable) that regular rest points are provided alo are to the side / clear of the main pedestrian path and contain landing accommodate a wheelchair (1300mm x 800mm) as well as an accessit AS1428.2).
Swimming	Pools	1
BCA D4D11	 Swimming Pools Where a pool is required to be accessible, at least one accessible entrance must be provided (ramp/lift with aquatic wheelchair, zero depth entry). Note where the perimeter of the pool exceeds 70m at least one accessible entrance must be provided by a means other than a sling style lift. 	Not Applicable
Accessible	Sanitary Facilities	
BCA Clause F4D6(1) (d)	 Number of Accessible Sanitary Compartments - Class 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 (except 9a ward area) The following minimum unisex accessible sanitary compartments complying with Section 15 of AS1428.1 must be provided. Where F2.3 requires closet pans— 1 on every storey containing sanitary compartments, and Where a storey has more than 1 bank of sanitary compartments containing male and female sanitary compartments, at not less than 50% of those banks. 	There are 3 x Accessible Sanitary Facilities located at each bank where located, complying with this clause. Note 1: Staff and Students cannot use the same facilities

Status
Not Applicable
Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
Not Applicable
Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
Not Applicable
Complies

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
BCA F4D5(d)	Accessible Sanitary Compartment Minimum Inclusions An accessible unisex sanitary compartment must contain a closet pan, washbasin, shelf or bench top and adequate means of disposal of sanitary towels	Subject to further detailed design.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
BCA F4D5(e) & Section 15 of AS1428.1	Accessible Toilet - Compliance with AS1428.1 The circulation spaces, fixtures and fittings of all accessible sanitary facilities provided must comply with the requirements of Section 15 of AS 1428. 1. Note: Refer to Attachment A for full detailed specification of requirements.	Subject to further detailed design.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
F4D5(f)	Accessible Sanitary Compartment – Access An accessible unisex sanitary facility must be located so that it can be entered without crossing an area reserved for one sex only.	An accessible sanitary facility is provided at one of the banks where both male and female sanitary facilities are provided, without crossing an area reserved for one sex only.	Complies
F4D5(g)	Accessible Sanitary Compartment – Mixture of Left-hand & Right-hand Where two or more of each type of accessible unisex sanitary facility are provided, the number of left and right handed mirror image facilities must be provided as evenly as possible.	The accessible sanitary compartments provide a mixture of Left-hand & Right-hand facilities.	Complies
F4D5(h)	Accessible Sanitary Compartment – Location Where male sanitary facilities are provided at a separate location to female sanitary facilities, accessible unisex sanitary facilities are only required at one of those locations. Note: An accessible unisex sanitary compartment need not be provided at a storey that is not required to be served by a lift or ramp under D4D4(f).	Accessible Sanitary Facilities are provided at all locations where male and/or female facilities are provided.	Complies
Accessible	Sanitary Facilities – Summary Checklist of Requirements		
BCA F4D5(e) & Section 15 of AS1428.1	 Accessible Sanitary Compartment Entry At-grade access or door threshold ramp 850mm wide entry door with compliant circulation space Any airlock must ensure 1450mm clearance between successive doors Hinged or sliding entry door with in-use indicator and latch that can be opened from outside 	The accessible sanitary compartment entry for each accessible toilet appears compliant, subject to further reviews at subsequent design stages.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)

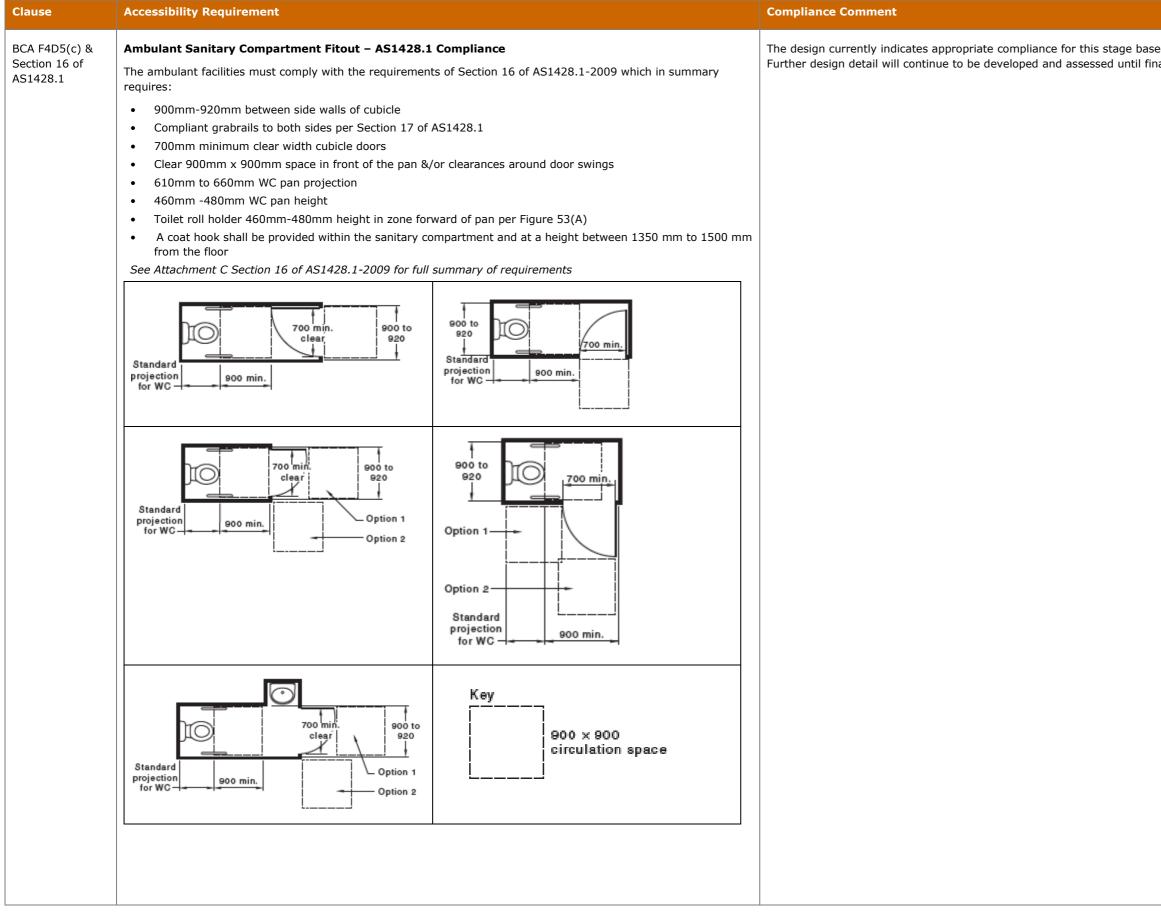
Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment
BCA F4D5(e) & Section 15 of AS1428.1	Accessible Sanitary Compartment - WC Pan & Clearances 2300mm x 1900mm internal pan circulation space (max 100mm overhang by washbasin) per Figure 43 and 52 WC pan to be 450mm -460mm from side wall to centre WC pan to be 800mm +/- 10mm from rear wall, and 600mm from cistern or other rear obstruction WC pan to be minimum 1400mm from washbasin WC pan to be minimum 1400mm from washbasin WC pan seat contrasts 30% to floor Angled toilet backrest (350-400mm W x 150-200mm H) installed between 120-150mm height from top of pan seat and 50mm max. distance from seat bolt hole Compliant grabrails to side and rear of WC pan at 800mm-810mm to top of grabrail per Figure 42 Compliant flushing controls located 600mm to 1100mm above floor level and per zone in Figure 40 Compliant toilet paper dispenser located between 460-700mm above floor level and within a maximum 300mm forward of the pan per the zone specified in Figure 41 WC and the pan per the zone specified in Figure 41 WE and the pan end the pan per the zone specified in Figure 41 WE and the pan end the	To be detailed in subsequent design stages for review.
BCA F4D5(e)& Section 15 of AS1428.1	 Accessible Sanitary Compartment - Washbasin Washbasin at a height between 800-830mm from FFL with lever action taps and insulation of water pipes Washbasin to be 430-440mm minimum depth projection and suitable wheelchair knee/toe height clearance, compliant with Figure 44 of AS1428.1 The front of basin to be 300mm maximum distance to the operable part of taps 	To be detailed in subsequent design stages for review.



Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
BCA F4D5(e) & Section 15 of AS1428.1	 Accessible Sanitary Compartment - Fitting & Fixtures Compliant Mirror (15.4.1) - where provided Compliant Shelf (15.4.2) - mandatory Compliant soap dispenser (15.4.3) - where provided Compliant hand dryer (15.4.3) - where provided Compliant clothes hanging device (15.4.4) - mandatory Compliant Sanitary Disposal Unit (15.4.5) - where provided Braille & Tactile signage identifying the accessible sanitary compartment- (BCAD3.6) mandatory 	To be detailed in subsequent design stages for review.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)
Accessible	Showers		
BCA F4D5(b) & Clause 15.5 of AS1428.1	Number of Accessible Showers - Class 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 (except 9a ward area) Accessible unisex showers meeting AS1428.1 must be provided in accessible parts of the building in accordance with Clause F4D7(1)(d): • Where F2.3 requires 1 or more showers, not less than 1 for every 10 showers or part thereof Shower - Summary Checklist of Requirements	N/A – accessible showers are not required or proposed in the subject design. Note: A staff shower has been provided, however is not required nor nominated as an accessible shower.	Not Applicable
F4D5(b) & Clause 15.5 of AS1428.1	 Accessible Shower Fitout - Design & Dimensions Accessible showers must comply with Clause 15.5 of AS 1428.1 which requires in summary: At-grade entry (no hob) 1160mm x 1100mm shower dimensions for 2 sided walls (Figure 47) 2350mm x 1600mm overall circulation space (Figure 47) Further circulation requirements for combined accessible WC pan and shower facilities (15.6 & Figure 50) 	Informational	Informational

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
-4D5(b) & Clause	Accessible Shower Fitout – Fixtures & Fittings	Informational	Informational
5.5 of AS1428.1	Compliant Floor Waste Outlet (15.5.2)		
	Compliant Shower Screen (15.5.3)		
	Compliant Grabrails (15.5.4)		
	Compliant Shower Head Support Grabrail (15.5.5)		
	Compliant Shower Head (15.5.6)		
	Compliant Soap Holder (15.5.7)		
	Compliant Taps (15.5.8)		
	Compliant Folding Seat (15.5.9)		
	Compliant Clothes Hanging Device (15.5.10)		
	Braille & Tactile signage identifying the accessible shower facility		
Accessible	Adult Changing Facilities		
D4D12	Accessible Adult Changing Facilities	N/A – Accessible Adult Changing Facilities are not required or proposed in the subject design	Not Applicable
	1) One unisex accessible adult change facility must be provided in an accessible part of a—		
	(a) Class 6 building that is a shopping centre having a design occupancy of not less than 3,500 people,		
	calculated on the basis of the floor area and containing a minimum of 2 sole-occupancy units; and		
	(b) Class 9b sports venue or the like that—		
	(i) has a design occupancy of not less than 35,000 spectators; or		
	(ii) contains a swimming pool that has a perimeter of not less than 70 m and that is required by D4D2 to		
	be accessible; and		
	(c) museum, art gallery or the like having a design occupancy of not less than 1,500 patrons; and(d) theatre or the like having a design occupancy of not less than 1,500 patrons; and		
	(e) passenger use area of an airport terminal building within an airport that accepts domestic and/or		
	international flights that are public transport services as defined in the Disability Standards for Accessible		
	Public Transport 2002.		
	 2) Accessible adult change facilities required by (1)— 		
	(a) must be constructed in accordance with Specification 27; and		
	(b) cannot be combined with another sanitary compartment.		
	3) For the purposes of (1), design occupancy must be calculated in accordance with D2D18, but excluding any area		
	that—		
	(a) can only be accessed by staff, employees, contractors, maintenance personnel and the like; or		
	(b) is subject to an exemption under D4D5.		
	Note: Fitout to meet BCA Specification 27		

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
Ambulant	Sanitary Facilities		
BCA F4D5(c)	Number of Ambulant Sanitary Compartments At each bank of toilets where there is one or more toilets, in addition to an accessible unisex sanitary compartment provided at that bank, a sanitary compartment suitable for a person with an ambulant disability per AS1428.1 must also be provided for use by males and females.	Student Facilities Sanitary compartments suitable for a person with an ambulant disability have been provided for students for use by males and females, indicating compliance with this clause.	Complies
	Unisex ambulant toilets are not permissible under the deemed-to-satisfy provisions.	Staff WC There are no proposed sanitary facilities allocated to staff in Block H.	Informational
10.3.5 & Figure 34 of AS1428.1	 Access to Ambulant Sanitary Compartments The distance between doorways in vestibules and airlocks on a path of travel to ambulant toilets shall be in accordance with Figure 34 of AS1428.1-2009. Figure 34 does not acknowledge / allow for steps at doorways leading to ambulant toilets 	Access to Ambulant Sanitary Compartments is compliant at this stage of the design.	Complies
	900 min. 900 min.		
	Figure 34 of AS1428.1		



	Status
ased on the plans submitted. final AFC design.	Can Readily Comply (Subject to Additional Detail)

Clause	Accessibility Requirement	Compliance Comment	Status
Desirable "Be	est Practice" Recommendations		
DDA Best Practice	Emergency Egress for People with Disabilities – Safe Evacuation (Desirable)	The matter is not applicable to the item of the project scope or the clause is informational only.	Informational
	The BCA does not specifically consider appropriate egress for people with disabilities, including mobility issue and wheelchair users. It is recommended that egress and emergency evacuation for people with disabilities include:		
	Dedicated safe refuge fire & smoke rated areas separated from the remainder of the building where egress is via fire isolated exit stairs		
	Located with direct connection to a fire isolated stair or egress route		
	Located outside of the required circulation spaces and exit width of stairs / landings		
	Provided with a communications system that enables visual and voice communication devices		
	Supplementing audible alarms with visual alarms / alerts		
19.1 of AS1428.2	Lighting	The matter is not applicable to the item of the project scope or the clause is informational only.	Informational
	It is recommended consideration be given to providing lighting to meet the requirements of AS1428.2 as per the below:		
	Passageways and walkways150 lxStairs150 lxStairs150 lxRamps150 lxLiftsSee AS 1735.12Toilet and locker rooms200 lxCounter tops250 lxGeneral displays200-300 lxTelephones200 lx		
DDA Best Practice	Vehicle Drop off	The matter is not applicable to the item of the project scope or the clause is informational only.	Informational
	It is recommended that where vehicle drop off locations are provided to serve the building (taxi ranks, ride share, bus stops, private vehicle drop off etc) that at least one of each space be accessible and a compliant accessible path from the drop off point to the building principal pedestrian entrance be provided.		
	 Where the drop off points are located on the allotment, full compliance with maximum boarding point crossfalls of 1:40, dimensions meeting AS2890.6-2009, kerb ramp and with an accessible link to the building entry is expected Where the drop off point is located beyond the allotment, all reasonable steps within the project control should be taken to ensure accessible drop off points with accessible link to an accessible entry to the allotment can be provided, through it is recognised that existing constraints such as existing gradients of the streets can prohibit full compliance from being achieved. 		

7.0 Conclusion

This report has assessed the **REF Submission Design** for the proposed **Dalmeny Public School Upgrade** under the relevant requirements relating to "Access for People with Disabilities".

The primary purpose of the report is to assess the design documentation for specified scope works and to provide suitable recommendations to ensure the design will meet the appropriate accessibility requirements.

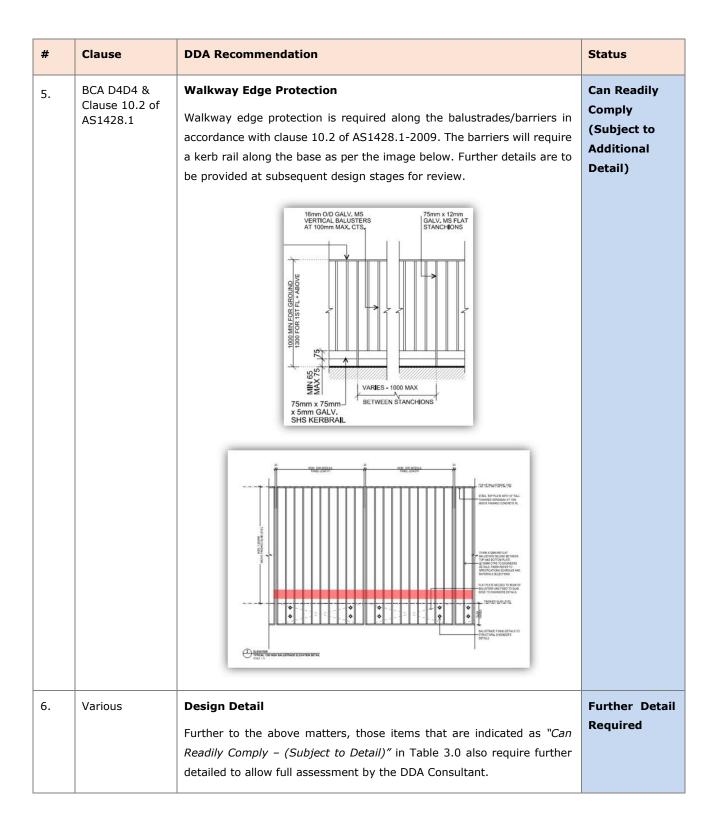
Subject to the mitigation measures of this report, the development demonstrates an ability to comply accessibility requirements for the new scope of works.

Mitigation measures are summarised below in **Table 1.0** and **Table 6.0** contains further detailed mitigation measures.

#	Clause	DDA Recommendation	Status
4.	BCA D4D4(a)(ii) & Clause 11 of AS1428.1	<text><text><text></text></text></text>	BCA Performance Solution

Table 1.0 – Significant DDA Recommendations

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The design is to be subject to further detailed DDA assessment throughout subsequent design phases where more design detail will be available for assessment.

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Accessible Toilet Facilities must meet the requirements of:

- BCA F2.3, F2.4
- Relevant clauses of AS1428.1-2009

In summary, the above codes and standards require:

BCA Requirements

- An accessible unisex sanitary compartment must contain a closet pan, washbasin, shelf or bench top and adequate means of disposal of sanitary towels (BCA F2.4(d))
- Accessible toilets must generally be in the same location as other toilets and on every storey provided with toilets (BCA F2.4). Where male sanitary facilities are provided at a separate location to female sanitary facilities, accessible unisex sanitary facilities are only required at one of those locations (BCA F2.3(h))
- Separate staff sanitary facilities / toilets are recommended to be provided in addition to public facilities. Though staff and patrons can share toilets under BCA F2.3 for Class 6 or 9b buildings if required.
- Separate male and female toilets must be provided where there are more than 10 staff.
- An accessible unisex sanitary facility must be located so that it can be entered without crossing an area reserved for one sex only
- Where two or more of each type of accessible unisex sanitary facility are provided, the number of left and right handed mirror image facilities must be provided as evenly as possible
- The circulation spaces, fixtures and fittings of all accessible sanitary facilities provided in accordance with Table F2.4(a) and Table F2.4(b) must comply with the requirements of Section 15 of AS 1428.1

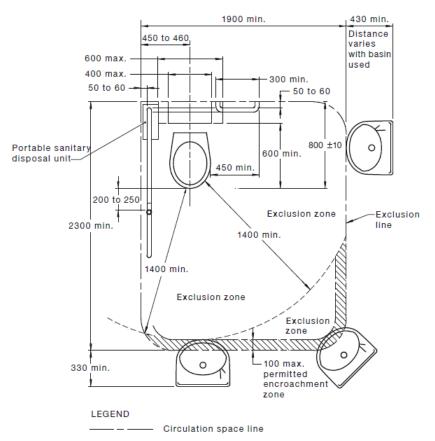
AS1428.1-2009 Requirements (Section 15)

Access to WC

• A graded accessible path must be provided to the accessible toilet facilities/s with compliant door circulation space around the entry door

Sanitary Compartment Clearances

• The WC pan clearances must be 2300mm x 1900mm clear space that is not encroached except for required toilet features (soap dispensors, shelves etc) with washbasins limited to 100mm encroachment in accordance with Figure 43 of AS1428.1-2009 (or mirror reverse)



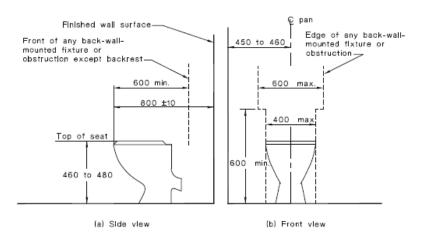
NOTE: This circulation space may overlap any other circulation spaces specified in this Standard.

DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES

FIGURE 43 CIRCULATION SPACE FOR WC PAN—RIGHT-HAND TRANSFER (LEFT-HAND TRANSFER IS MIRROR REVERSED)

15.2.2 WC Pan Clearances

- WC pan to be 450mm-460mm from side wall to centre
- WC pan to be 800mm +/- 10mm from rear wall, and 600mm from cistern or other rear obstruction
- WC pan to be minimum 1400mm from washbasin
- WC pan height to be 460-480mm



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15.2.3 WC Pan Seat

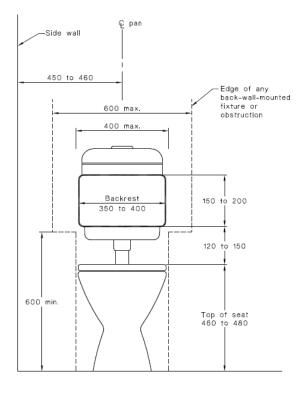
A toilet seat shall be provided on accessible toilets. The toilet seat shall-

- a. be of the full-round type, (i.e., not open fronted) and with minimal contours to the top surface;
- b. be securely fixed in position when in use;
- c. have seat fixings that create lateral stability for the seat when in use;
- d. be load-rated to 150 kg; and
- e. have a minimum luminance contrast of 30% with the background (e.g., pan, wall or floor against which it is viewed).

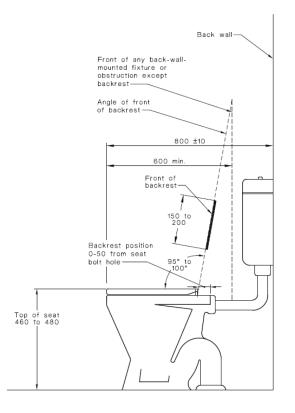
15.2.4 Backrest

A backrest shall be provided on accessible toilets. The backrest shall-

- be capable of withstanding a force in any direction of 1100 N;
- have a height, at the lower edge of backrest to the top of the WC seat, of 120 mm to 150 mm, as shown in Figure 39(a);
- have a vertical height of 150-200 mm and a width of 350-400 mm, as shown in Figure 39(a); and
- the front edge of the centre of the backrest be positioned to achieve an angle of between 95° to 100° back from the seat hinge (Figure 39(b)).



(a) Front view



(b) Side view

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15.2.5 Flushing control

Flushing controls shall be user activated, either hand operated or automatic. Where hand-operated flushing controls are used, they shall be located within the zone shown in Figure 40 below and shall not interfere with grabrail function. The flushing control shall be proud of the surface and shall activate the flush before the button becomes level with the surrounding surface.

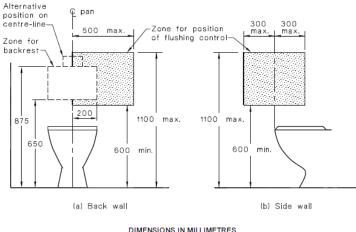
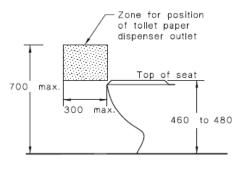


FIGURE 40 ZONE FOR POSITION OF FLUSHING CONTROL

15.2.6 Toilet paper dispenser

The outlet for the toilet paper dispenser shall be located between 460-700mm above floor level and within a maximum 300mm forward of the pan – the zone specified in Figure 41.

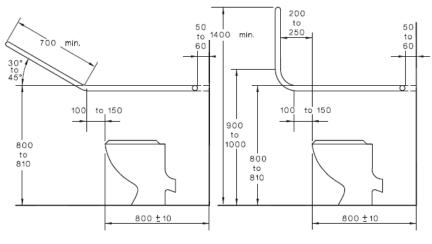


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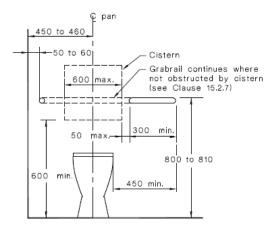
15.2.7 Grabrails

Where a concealed or high-level cistern or flush valve is used, a continuous grabrail, shall be provided across the rear wall and side wall nearest the WC pan, as shown in Figure 42. Where a low-level non-concealed cistern or flush valve is used, the grabrail shall be terminated at each side of the cistern, as shown in Figure 42.



(i) Option A (ii) Option B

(a) Side view showing optional systems for grabrall at sides of pan



(b) Grabrail at back of pan and sectional view of grabrall at slde of pan

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FIGURE 42 POSITIONS OF GRABRAILS IN WATER CLOSETS

15.2.8.2 Baby change tables

Where installed, baby change tables shall-

- a. not encroach into the circulation space of any other toilet facility when in the folded up position; and
- b. have a maximum height of 820 mm and a minimum clearance underneath of 720 mm when in the open position.
- c. 800mm x 1200mm minimum (1500 mm preferred) RailCorp ESB Requirement

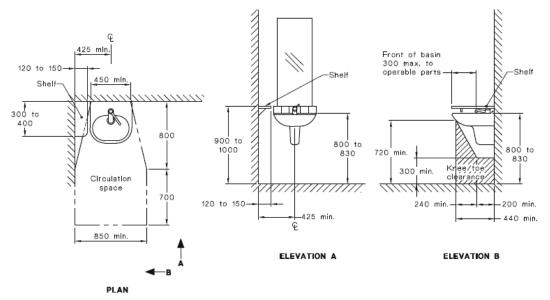
15.2.9 WC Entry Doors:

- a. May be hinged or sliding
- b. Provided with an in-use indicator and minimum 45mm snib handle
- c. Accessible door handles with 30% contrast and hardware (D lever and clearances)
- d. Outward opening doors must have self-closer

15.3 Washbasins

The installation of washbasins shall comply with the following:

- a. The washbasin shall be outside the 2300mm x 1900mm pan circulation space, with max 100mm encroachment
- b. The washbasin must be at least 300mm from the swing of the door, and outside of circulation space of sliding doors.
- c. Water taps to comply with:
 - Taps shall have lever handles, sensor plates, or other similar controls.
 - Lever handles shall have not less than 50 mm clearance from an adjacent surface.
 - Where separate taps are provided for hot and cold water, the hot water tap shall be placed to the left of the cold water tap for horizontal configurations, or above the cold water tap for vertical configurations.
 - Where hot water is provided, the water shall be delivered through a mixing spout.
- d. Exposed hot water supply pipes shall be insulated or located so as not to present a hazard.
- e. Washbasin to have 800-830mm height with foot clearance and tapered 850mm wide circulation space per Figure 44(B) below. The circulation space may overalap with others in the sanitary compartment



- f. Water supply pipes and waste outlet pipes shall not encroach on the required clear space under the washbasin.
- b. For each washbasin fixture, the unobstructed circulation space shall be as shown in Figure 46; except in sole occupancy units, where Figure 45 shall apply. The washbasin fixture and its fittings are the only fixtures permitted in this space.

15.4 Fitting and Fixture within a Sanitary Facility

The following items must be installed to an accessible sanitary facility:

- Shelf being 120mm x 300-400mm at a height of 900mm-1000mm near washbasin
- Clothes Hanging Device 1200mm-1350mm above FFL and at least 500mm from any internal corner

The following items, although not mandatory to provide, must comply with the following when provided:

- Mirrors where provided the mirror shall be located above or adjacent to the washbasin not less than 350mm with the bottom no higher than 900mm and the top not less than 1850mm above FFL. Where provided, a second vertical mirror shall extend from a height of not less than 600 mm to a height of not less than 1850 mm above the plane of the finished floor.
- Soap Dispenser where provided, mounted with the operable portion at 900mm-1100mm above FFL and at least 500mm from any internal corner

- Hand Dryer / Towel Dispenser- where provided, mounted with the operable portion at 900mm-1100mm above FFL and at least 500mm from any internal corner
- Sanitary Disposal Unit where provided, shall be portable or recessed within 500mm of the pan
- Switches & General Purpose Outlets, where provided shall be 900-1100mm above FFL and at least 500mm from internal corners, and located as close to the shelf or worktop as possible

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Attachment B - Ambulant Toilet Facility Summary of Requirements

Ambulant Toilet Facilities must meet the requirements of:

- BCA F4D4, F4D5
- Relevant clauses of AS1428.1-2009

BCA Requirements (BCA F24D5(c))

At each bank of toilets where there is one or more toilets in addition to an accessible unisex sanitary compartment at that bank of toilets, a sanitary compartment suitable for a person with an ambulant disability in accordance with AS 1428.1 must be provided for use by males and females.

Access to Ambulant Toilets

Access to ambulant toilet facilities is recommended to be at grade and minimise the use of steps where possible. However, steps *are* allowable to access ambulant facilities to meet minimum requirements of the BCA.

Steps at external door thresholds on the path of travel to an ambulant facility should be avoided where possible due to the difficulties of operating the door whilst navigating the step for some ambulant users.

Section 16 of AS1428.1-2009 Requirements

16 SANITARY COMPARTMENT FOR PEOPLE WITH AMBULANT DISABILITIES

16.1 General

Sanitary compartment for people with ambulant disabilities shall be in accordance with Figures 53(A) and 53(B).

16.2 Grabrails

Grabrails shall be installed in accordance with Clause 17 and Figure 53(A).

16.3 Doors

Doors to sanitary compartments for people with ambulant disabilities shall have openings with a minimum clear width of 700 mm, and shall comply with Figure 53(B).

Doors shall be provided with an in-use indicator and a bolt or catch. Where a snib catch is used, the snib handle shall have a minimum length of 45 mm from the centre of the spindle. In an emergency, the latch mechanism shall be openable from the outside.

16.4 Signage

Sanitary compartment for people with ambulant disabilities shall be identified by symbol or words, as specified in Clause 8.

16.5 Coat hook

A coat hook shall be provided within the sanitary compartment and at a height between 1350 mm to 1500 mm from the floor.

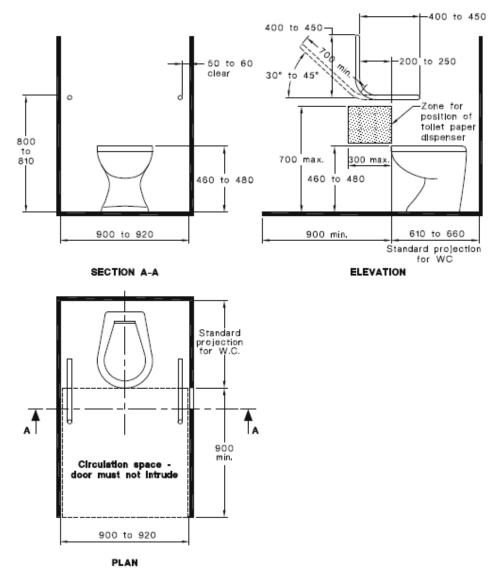
17 GRABRAILS

Grabrails shall comply with the following:

- a. Grabrails shall be not less than 30 mm and not more than 40 mm outside diameter; or they shall have a sectional shape within the limits of 30 mm to 40 mm diameter.
- b. Exposed edges and corners of grabrails shall have a radius of not less than 5 mm.

Attachment B - Ambulant Toilet Facility Summary of Requirements

- c. The fastenings and the materials and construction of grabrails shall be able to withstand a force of 1100 N applied at any position and in any direction without deformation or loosening or rotation of the fastenings or fittings.
- d. The clearance between a grabrail and the adjacent wall surface or other obstruction shall be not less than 50 mm and not more than 60 mm. The clearance above a horizontal grabrail shall extend above the top of the grabrail by not less than 600 mm. The clearance below a horizontal or angled rail shall be a minimum of 50 mm except at fixing points.
- e. Grabrails shall be fixed so that there is no obstruction to the passage of the hand along the top 270° arc of horizontal and angled grabrails. There shall be no obstruction to the passage of the hand for the full length of vertical grabrails.

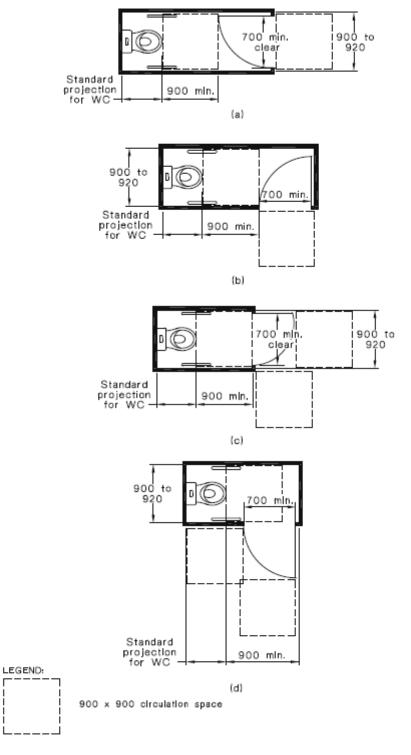


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FIGURE 53(A) SANITARY COMPARTMENT FOR PEOPLE WITH AMBULANT DISABILITIES—PLAN AND ELEVATION

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Attachment B - Ambulant Toilet Facility Summary of Requirements



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FIGURE 53(B) SANITARY COMPARTMENT FOR PEOPLE WITH AMBULANT DISABILITIES—DOORWAY OPTIONS

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Attachment C – Assessed Plans

The following plans, dated 24/02/2025, have been assessed for the purposes of this report:

				Drawing Name	Rev
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1001	Drawing Name EXISTING SITE PLAN DEMOLITION SITE PLAN PROPOSED SITE PLAN TREE REMOVAL PLAN SHADOW DIAGRAMS SHADOW DIAGRAMS PROPOSED SITE WORKS PLAN STAGING SITE PLAN WORKS UNDERTAKEN BY OTHERS SITE ANALYSIS PLAN PLAY SPACE CALCULATION PLAN AMENITIES STRATEGY PLAN PROPOSED ACCESS STRATEGY - SLU PROVISION	11
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1001	DEMOLITION SITE PLAN	07
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1101		12
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1301		06
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1302	SHADOW DIAGRAMS	04
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1303	SHADOW DIAGRAMS	04
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1401	PROPOSED SITE WORKS PLAN	04
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1501	STAGING SITE PLAN	07
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1502	WORKS UNDERTAKEN BY OTHERS	02
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1601	SITE ANALYSIS PLAN	05
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1602	PLAY SPACE CALCULATION PLAN	05
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1603	AMENITIES STRATEGY PLAN	04
DAPS	FTA 00	00		PROPOSED ACCESS STRATEGY - SLU PROVISION	06
DAPS	FTA 00	00	DR A 1605	INDIGENOUS ARTWORK STRATEGY PLAN	05
DAPS	FTA B00H		DR A 2101	INDIGENOUS ARTWORK STRATEGY PLAN PROPOSED GROUND FLOOR PLAN PROPOSED RCP GROUND FLOOR PROPOSED LEVEL 1 PLAN PROPOSED RCP LEVEL 1 PROPOSED ROOF PLAN ELEVATIONS 01 ELEVATION 02 SECTIONS 01	13
DAPS	FTA B00H	GF	DR A 2201	PROPOSED RCP GROUND FLOOR	06
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 2102	PROPOSED LEVEL 1 PLAN	12
DAPS	FTA B00H		DR A 2202	PROPOSED RCP LEVEL 1	06
DAPS	FTA B00H			PROPOSED ROOF PLAN	12
DAPS	FTA B00H			ELEVATIONS 01	07
DAPS	FTA B00H			ELEVATION 02	07
DAPS	FTA BOOH			SECTIONS 01	08
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 3401	FACADE STRATEGY - EXTERNAL MATERIALS AND FI	09
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 3402	FACADE STRATEGY - SHADING DEVICES	05 06
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 4001		06
DAPS DAPS	FTA B00H FTA B00H		DR A 4002 DR A 4201		03
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 4201 DR A 4202		06
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 4202		06
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 4401	STAIR AND RAMP DETAILS	05
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 4501		05
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 4701		02
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 4801	TYPICAL COVERED WALKWAY DETAILS	05
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 6001	EXTERNAL DOOR & WINDOW SCHEDULE	05
DAPS	FTA BOOH	ZZ	DR A 6002	INTERNAL DOOR & WINDOW SCHEDULE	05
DAPS	FTA BOOH		DR A 9001	PERSPECTIVES 1	08
DAPS	FTA B00H		DR A 9002	FACADE STRATEGY - EXTERNAL MATERIALS AND FI FACADE STRATEGY - SHADING DEVICES TYPICAL EXTERNAL WALL TYPE DETAILS TYPICAL INTERNAL WALL TYPE DETAILS TYPICAL DETAIL SECTION 01 TYPICAL DETAIL SECTION 02 TYPICAL DETAIL SECTION 03 STAIR AND RAMP DETAILS BALUSTRADE & HANDRAIL DETAILS TYPICAL LIFT SHAFT DETAILS TYPICAL COVERED WALKWAY DETAILS EXTERNAL DOOR & WINDOW SCHEDULE INTERNAL DOOR & WINDOW SCHEDULE PERSPECTIVES 1 PERSPECTIVES 2	08

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